

Hiding in Plain Sight AGN Echoes of Low-Redshift Lyman Alpha Blobs

### Nancy A. Levenson Space Telescope Science Institute





## Hiding in Plain Sight AGN Echoes of Low-Redshift Lyman Alpha Blobs

Nancy A. Levenson Mischa Schirmer Saengeeta Malhotra, Hai Fu, Rebecca L. Davies, William C. Keel, Paul Torrey, Vardha N. Bennert, Anna Pancoast, James E. H. Turner, Ruben Diaz, Karianne Holhjem, and Claudia Winge



### take-home themes

# AGN duty cycle Lyman alpha blobs in the local Universe

N.A. Levenson - Elusive AGN- June 13, 2017





**STSCI** | SPACE TELESCOPE SCIENCE INSTITUTE

## discovery of [OIII] luminous, extended emission



### Schirmer+ 2013

- CFHT/Megaprime gri image
- z = 0.326
- 8 x 18 kpc cloud extent
- green colors, similar to "green peas" but larger
- [O III] luminosity =  $5.6 \times 10^{43}$  erg/s
- extended narrow-line region AGN diagnostic line ratios in spectrum



## sample of 17 objects



- selected in SDSS for color and size
- spectroscopy to confirm AGN nature and luminous [O III] (≥  $10^{43}$  erg/s)
- galaxy-scale emission line regions 15-20 kpc
- z ~ 0.3 sensitive to z = 0.12, but lowest z = 0.19
- typically radio quiet
- rare
  - | per |000 deg<sup>2</sup>
- not viewing AGN continuum directly



### under-luminous in MIR compared with [O III]

log L[OIII] [erg/s]

### still mid-infrared luminous

N.A. Levenson - Elusive AGN- June 13, 2017



### one example in the Chandra archive

- Compton thick
- strong Fe K $\alpha$  line
- flat continuum (reprocessed)





**STScI** | SPACE TELESCOPE SCIENCE INSTITUTE

### new Chandra observations of 10 galaxies

- predicted X-ray flux based on IR-X-ray correlation
- considered possibility of Compton thick to set exposure times
- all galaxies detected, but faint 10–20 times weaker than predicted
- no significant spectroscopy possible typically flat hardness ratios



### AGN power source, with unusual features

### properties

- [O III]: extremely luminous
- thermal response  $\sim 10^3$  years **IR**: luminous, but lower than usual [O III] relations •
- X-ray: faint



### response timescale

- light-crossing time  $> 10^4$  years
- ~intrinsic

AGN duty cycle

thermal + ionization echoes: AGN faded by factors of 10<sup>3</sup>–10<sup>4</sup> over last 10,000 to 100,000 years



### high-z Lyman alpha blobs





N.A. Levenson - Elusive AGN- June 13, 2017

- typical Ly $\alpha$  luminosity  $10^{42} 10^{44}$  erg/s
- 20–200 kpc scales
- *z* ≈ 2
  - direct optical detection of rest-frame  $Ly\alpha$
- sites of massive galaxy formation
- ionization escapes host

What is the ionizing source?

- (buried) photoionization AGN or starburst?
- shock starburst superwind?
- collisional collapse of dark matter haloes?



### Lyman alpha in GALEX band





### Lyman alpha detected and strong

### 14/15 observed sources detected Is it Lyman alpha? Consider other sources of UV emission: stars? nebular continuum?

estimate 75% observed flux is Lyman alpha

### typical luminosities > $10^{43}$ erg/s similar to Lyman alpha blobs



**STScI** | SPACE TELESCOPE SCIENCE INSTITUTE

### low-z Lyman alpha blob differences

### extended ionization regions, but smaller

N.A. Levenson - Elusive AGN- June 13, 2017



### low-z Lyman alpha blob differences

### lower density environments isolated, or small groups masses ≤10<sup>13</sup>M☉, not 10<sup>15</sup> M☉

N.A. Levenson - Elusive AGN- June 13, 2017





### low-z Lyman alpha blob differences

### evolution regular "LABs" gone by z=0.3comoving density here much lower - 3.3 Gpc <sup>-3</sup> - these aren't the same objects suggest these evolve like AGN



Schirmer+ 2016 **STSCI** | SPACE TELESCOPE SCIENCE INSTITUTE



### Lyman alpha emission



 useful to study physical processes, not direct analogs Lyman alpha emission lags ionization multiple scatterings to escape timescales up to 10<sup>6</sup> years

• Lyman alpha emission can be spatially broader than UV continuum



### conclusions and next steps



- ionization and thermal echoes indicate AGN duty cycle
- need more measurements to be quantitative e.g., corresponding unobscured sources, which are missed by selection criteria
- caution: offset in MIR-X-ray relation does not imply obscuration
- Lyman alpha also lags AGN cycle
- physical processes of Lyman alpha blobs available for detailed study
- but not direct examples, given differences in environment, evolution, and ionizing source

